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Corro-Salt® : Health & Safety Data Sheet

1. **Product Identification**

Name:

Salt (Sodium Chloride)

2. **Danger Identification**

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EC Classification	
67/548 or EC 1999/45	Not Classified
Hazard Class	
Regulation EC N.1272/2008 CLP	Not Classified
Hazard Labelling	
EC 1272/2008 CLP	This product is not subject to regulation according to the European directives
	67/548/CEE and/or 1999/45/CE and the regulation 1272/2008 CLP their

3. Composition

The composition by weight is 39.4% sodium and 60.6% chlorine. Pure sodium chloride is a colourless crystalline solid Pure Dried Vacuum, White Rock and Marine salt contains about 99% sodium chloride.

adaptations and their annexes

EINECS Number:	231-598-3
CAS Number:	7647-14-5
Molecular Formula:	NaCl
Molecular Mass:	58.44g

4. Hazard Identification

Salt is an essential constituent of the diet. It provides important body electrolytes and is the source of hydrochloric acid present in the gastric juices. The blood steam contains nearly 1% sodium chloride. In normal industrial use salt is not hazardous.

Very high concentration of salt dust may result in inflammation of the mucus membranes of the respiratory tract.
Acute and chronic toxic effects can result from the ingestion of excessive amounts of either salt or brine. Salt should not be used as an emetic to induce vomiting. High concentrations produce inflammatory reactions in the gastrointestinal tract and cause vomiting, diarrhoea, convulsions and collapse. Ingestion of hypertonic solutions can cause fatal disturbance of body electrolyte and fluid balance. Less than a table spoon of salt may severely poison an infant and sometimes prove fatal.
Dry salt and concentrated solutions can cause withdrawal of fluid from the skin and may, on prolonged contact produce irritation
Salt and salt solution are non-toxic to the eye but concentrations much and above that of tears cause a stinging sensation

5. **First Aid Measures**

Inhalation:	Remove to fresh air. Keep warm and at rest. Give drink if desired Get medical attention for any breathing difficulty.
Ingestion:	Vomiting will probably occur. Providing the patient is conscious give plenty of liquid to drink. Obtain immediate medical attention especially if vomiting has not occurred.
Skin Contact:	Wash exposed area with plenty of water. Get medical advice if irritation develops
Eye contact:	Irrigate with eyewash or water. Get Medial attention if irritation persists.

6. **Fire Fighting Measures**

Not considered to be a fire hazard.

Not considered to be an explosion hazard.

Use any means suitable for extinguishing surrounding fire.

Salt withstands temperatures up to its melting point and beyond without decomposing, but at very high temperatures (Greater than 800 C) a vapour is omitted which is particularly irritating to the eye

7. Accidental Release Measures

Ventilate area of leak or spill. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Sweep up and containerise for reclamation or disposal. Vacuuming or wet sweeping may be used to avoid dust dispersal. Small amounts of reside may be flushed to sewer with plenty of water.

8. Handling & Storage

Keep in a tightly closed container, store in a cool, dry, ventilated area. Protect against physical damage. Containers of this material may be hazardous when empty since they retain product residues (dust, solids); observe all warning and precautions listed for product

9. Exposure Controls & Personal Protection

Airborne Exposure Limits:	None established
Ventilation:	In general good ventilation is satisfactory
Personal Protective Clothing:	Although not mandatory, the following precautions may be taken.



10. Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance:	White crystals
Odour:	Odourless
Solubility:	36g/100cc water @20C (68F)
Specific Gravity;	2.16
pH:	6.7 – 7.3 (aqueous solution)
% Volatiles by volume @ 21C;	0
Boiling Point:	1413C
Melting Point:	801C
Vapour Density (Air=1):	No information found
Vapour Pressure (mm Hg):	1.0 @ 865C
Evaporation Rate (BuAc-1):	No information found
Stability and Reactivity	
Stability:	Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage. Hygroscopic

and sodium oxide.

Lithium, bromine trifluroide

Will not occur

Incompatibles

When heated to above 801C (1474F) it emits toxic fumes of chloride

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Hazardous Decomposition Products:	

Hazardous Polymerization: Incompatibilities: Conditons to Avoid:

12. Toxicological Information

11.

Oral rat LD50 : 3000 mg/kg – Inhalation rat LC50 : > 42 gm/m3 / 1 H Skin Rabbit L50 : > 10 gm/kg. Investigated as a mutagen, reproductive effector.

13. Ecological Information

Environmental Fate:	No information found
Environmental Toxicity:	No information found

14. Disposal Considerations

Disposal of container and unused contents in accordance with local state or national legislation Transport Information

Not regulated

16. **Regulatory Information**

Use any means suitable for extinguishing surrounding fire.

17. Other Information

Label Hazard Warning; Warning! Causes eye irritation